SECTION 1 - PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: 220 OEM Quick Dry Alkyd Product Code: 220-5012

Trade Name: 220-5012 M M Yellow

Adams Paint Mfg Company 1416 N University Ave Lubbock, Tx 79415 Telephone Number: 806-763-2944 Web Site: adamspaintmfg.com

Emergency Contacts & Phone Numbers Chemtrec: 800-424-9300 SDS Request Line: 806-763-2944

Product Use: See Product Data Sheet Not recommended for: See Product Data Sheet

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Ratings:

| Flammable liquid | 3 | Flash point >= 23°C and <= 60°C (140°F) |
|--------------------|----|--|
| Skin corrosive | 2 | Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation |
| Eye corrosive | 2A | Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days |
| Mutagen | 1B | Known to produce heritable mutations in human germ cellsSubcategory 1B, Positive results: In vivo heritable germ cell tests in mammals, Human germ cell tests, In vivo somatic mutagenicity tests, combined with some evidence of germ cell mutagenicity |
| Carcinogen | 1B | Presumed Human Carcinogen, Based on demonstrated animal carcinogenicity |
| Reproductive toxin | 1B | Presumed, Based on experimental animals |
| Aspiration hazard | 1 | Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ? 20.5 mm2/s at 40° C. |

GHS Hazards

| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour |
|-----------------|---|
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H340 | May cause genetic defects |
| H350 | May cause cancer |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child |
| GHS Precautions | |
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood |
| P210 | Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces and other ignition |
| | sources - No smoking |
| P233 | Keep container tightly closed |
| P240 | Ground and bond container and receiving equipment |
| P241 | Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and equipment |
| P242 | Use only non-sparking tools |
| P243 | Take precautionary measures against static discharge |
| P264 | Wash thoroughly after handling |
| | |

| P280 | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection |
|----------------|---|
| P281 | Use personal protective equipment as required |
| P321 | Specific treatment (see Section 4 of SDS on this label) |
| P331 | Do NOT induce vomiting |
| P362 | Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse |
| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician |
| P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water |
| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact |
| | lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing |
| P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention |
| P332+P313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention |
| P337+P313 | Get medical attention |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog for extinction |
| P405 | Store locked up |
| P403+P235 | Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool |
| P501 | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national |
| | regulations |

Signal Word: Danger



| SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS | | |
|--|------------|------------------------|
| Chemical Name | CAS number | Weight Concentration % |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) | 1330-20-7 | 30.00% - 40.00% |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 5.00% - 10.00% |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 5.00% - 10.00% |
| Butanamide, 2,2'-[(3,3'-dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl)bis (azo)]bis[N-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-oxo- | 5567-15-7 | 1.00% - 5.00% |
| Iron oxide yellow | 51274-00-1 | 1.00% - 5.00% |
| Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic | 64742-95-6 | 1.00% - 5.00% |
| Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy | 64742-48-9 | 0.10% - 1.00% |
| 2-Butanone, oxime | 96-29-7 | 0.10% - 1.00% |

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artifitial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Eve Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 10 to 15 minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation or symptoms of overexposure persists.

Skin Contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation developes or persist. **Ingestion**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Call physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

<u>Other First Aid</u>: Due to possible aspiration into lungs, DO NOT induce vomiting if ingested. Provide a glass of water to dilute the material in the stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have person lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: 27 C (81 F) LEL: 1.00

UEL: 7.00

<u>Suitable Extinguishing Media</u>: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, or water fog to extinguish fire. Water may not be effective to extinguish fire. Spattering of flammable liquid may result from spraying water.

Specific Hazards arising from the Chemical: Minimize breathing gases, vapors, fumes or decomposition products. at elevated temperatures, vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back. Closed containers may explode when exposed to heat.

<u>Protection of Firefighters</u>: Water may be unsuitable as an extinguishing media, but helpful in keeping adjacent containers cool. If a leak or spill has ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect the men attempting to stop leak.

<u>Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters</u>: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches and waterways.

<u>Methods for Containment</u>: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials, such as sawdust.

<u>Methods for Clean-up</u>: Remove all sources of ignition. Provide ventilation. Absorb spill with inert material (dry sand or earth), collect spill with a non-sparking tool then place in a chemical waste container for disposal.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and contacts with eyes, skin and clothing. Material will accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source), bond and ground containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not reuse containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.

<u>Hygiene Practices</u>: Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid inhaling vapor or mist. **<u>Storage</u>**: Store in a cool dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

| SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Chemical Name / CAS No. | OSHA Exposure Limits | ACGIH Exposure Limits | Other Exposure Limits |
| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7 | 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA | 150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA | Not Established |
| Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 | 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA | 20 ppm TWA | NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA 125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m3 STEL |
| Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 | 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust) | 10 mg/m3 TWA | Not Established |
| Butanamide, 2,2'-[(3,3'- dichloro[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'- diyl)bis(azo)]bis[N-(4-chloro- 2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-oxo- 5567-15-7 | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established |
| Iron oxide yellow 51274-00-1 | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established |

| Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic 64742-95-6 | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy 64742-48-9 | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established |
| 2-Butanone, oxime 96-29-7 | Not Established | Not Established | Not Established |

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective, wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.

Eye / Face Protection: Wear protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulations.

<u>Skin Protection</u>: Chemical-resistant gloves and chemical goggles, face-shield and synthetic apron or coveralls should be used to prevent contact with eye, skin or clothing.

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

<u>General Hygiene Considerations</u>: Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Liquid Vapor Pressure: 7.3 mmHg Vapor Density: Heavier than air

Lbs / Gallon 8.74

Freezing point: No Data Boiling range: 136°C

Evaporation rate: Slower than Ether

Explosive Limits: 1% - 7%

Autoignition temperature: 280°C

Viscosity: No Data

Odor: Aromatic Odor threshold: No Data pH: No Data Melting point: No Data Solubility: Negligible Flash point: 81 F,27 C Flammability: Flammable Liquid Class IC Partition coefficient (n- No Data octanol/water): Decomposition temperature: No Data VOC g/l 511.559

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable

<u>Conditions to Avoid</u>: Heat, flames, sparks and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Incomplete combustion may produce carbon monoxide and other toxic gases.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mixture Toxicity

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 184mg/L

Component Toxicity Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene Oral LD50: 3,500 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 17 mg/L (Rat) 96-29-7 2-Butanone, oxime Oral LD50: 930 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 0 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 20 mg/L (Rat)

Miscellaneous Toxicological Information:

Notice: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

| <u>CAS Number</u> 100-41-4 | <u>Description</u> Ethylbenzene | <u>% Weight</u> 5 to 10% | <u>Carcinogen Rating</u> Ethylbenzene: IARC: Possible human carcinogen OSHA: listed |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|
| 64742-95-6 | Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic | 1 to 5% | Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic: EU REACH: Present (P) |
| 96-29-7 64742-48-9 | 2-Butanone, oxime Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy | 1 to 1.0% 1 to 1.0% | 2-Butanone, oxime: Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy: EU REACH: Present (P) |
| 13463-67-7 | Titanium dioxide | 5 to 10% | Titanium dioxide: NIOSH: potential occupational carcinogen IARC: Possible human carcinogen OSHA: listed |

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

Component Ecotoxicity

| Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) | 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 13.4 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 19 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: 780 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: >780 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 water flea: 3.82 mg/L; 48 Hr LC50 Gammarus lacustris: 0.6 mg/L |
|------------------------------|---|
| Ethylbenzene | 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 7.55 - 11 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 32 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 9.6 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4.6 mg/L; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >438 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L [static] |

| Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic | 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 9.22 mg/L 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 6.14 mg/L |
|---|--|
| Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy | 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 2200 mg/L |
| 2-Butanone, oxime | 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 777 - 914 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 760 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 750 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 83 mg/L |

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

<u>Waste Disposal</u>: Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classification of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidlines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and / or state and local guidelines.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Agency
DOTProper Shipping Name
PaintUN Number
1263Packing Group
IIIHazard Class
3

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Additional regulatory listings, where applicable.

CERCLA RQ:

| Component | RQ (lbs) |
|--------------|----------|
| Xylene | 100 |
| Ethylbenzene | 1000 |

SARA 311/312 Hazard Classes: Acute, Chronic, Fire

State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING!

This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin:

13463-67-7 Titanium dioxide 5 to 10 % Carcinogen 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 5 to 10 % Carcinogen

SARA 302 Components:

- None

SARA 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS:

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 5 to 10 % 1330-20-7 Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 30 to 40 %

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All chemicals except those listed below appear in the Toxic Substances

Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory.

- None

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations and orders.

Reviewer Revision

Date Prepared: 6/16/2015